

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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Loctite All Purpose Adhesive (UK)

SDS No. : 475899 V001.5 Revision: 03.11.2022 printing date: 07.01.2023 Replaces version from: 04.11.2020

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Loctite All Purpose Adhesive (UK)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use: Adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd Adhesives Wood Lane End HP2 4RQ Hemel Hempstead

Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 Hours Emergency Tel: +44 0 8701 906777 - For further general health & safety, technical and practical advice on this product, please call +44 (0) 1606 593933 or write to: Technical Services; Henkel Limited; Road 5; Winsford Industrial Estate; Winsford; Cheshire; CW7 3QY-Email: technical.services@henkel.co.uk

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):	
Flammable liquids	Category 2
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Target organ: Central nervous system	

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:	
Contains	Methyl acetate
	acetone
Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement:	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Supplemental information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statement:	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Precautionary statement: Prevention	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P261 Avoid breathing vapors. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Precautionary statement: Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

Solvents contained in the product evaporate during processing and their vapors can form explosive/highly inflammable air/vapor mixtures.

Pregnant women should absolutely avoid inhalation and skin contact.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

Following substances are present in a concentration >= 0,1% and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in concentration \geq the concentration limit that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Add. Information
Methyl acetate 79-20-9 201-185-2 01-2119459211-47	42- 70 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336		
Ethanol 64-17-5 200-578-6 01-2119457610-43	8- 15 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Eye Irrit. 2; H319; C >= 50 %	
acetone 67-64-1 200-662-2 01-2119471330-49	6- 13 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336		EU OEL EUEXPL2D

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

In case of adverse health effects seek medical advice.

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Skin care. Remove contaminated clothes immediately.

Eye contact:

Immediately flush eyes with soft jet of water or eye rinse solution for at least 5 minutes. If pains remain (intensive smarting, sensitivity to light, visual disturbance) continue flushing and contact/seek doctor or hospital.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth and throat. Drink 1-2 glasses of water. Seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: carbon dioxide, foam, powder, water spray jet, fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: High pressure waterjet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2) can be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective equipment.

Additional information:

Cool endangered containers with water spray jet.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Danger of slipping on spilled product.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust). Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ventilate working rooms thoroughly. Avoid naked flames, sparking and sources of ignition. Switch off electrical devices. Do not smoke, do not weld. Do not empty waste into waste water drains.

During processing and drying after adhesion, ventilate well. Avoid all sources of fire such as stoves and ovens. Switch off all electrical devices such as parabolic heaters, hot plates, storage heaters etc. in good time for them to have cooled down before commencing work. Avoid all sparks, including those occurring at electrical switches and devices. Avoid skin and eye contact.

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in sealed original container.

Do not store together with food or other consumables (coffee, tea, tobacco, etc.).

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Adhesive

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ррт	mg/m ³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Methyl acetate 79-20-9 [METHYL ACETATE]	200	616	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Methyl acetate 79-20-9 [METHYL ACETATE]	250	770	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	EH40 WEL
Ethanol 64-17-5 [ETHANOL]	1.000	1.920	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	1.500	3.620	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	EH40 WEL

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ррт	mg/m ³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Methyl acetate 79-20-9 [METHYL ACETATE]	200	610	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL
Methyl acetate 79-20-9 [METHYL ACETATE]	250	760	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	IR_OEL
Ethanol 64-17-5 [ETHANOL]	1.000		Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	15 minutes	IR_OEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative OELV	IR_OEL
Acetone 67-64-1 [ACETONE]	500	1.210	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value		Remarks		
		F	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Methyl acetate	aqua		0,12 mg/l		00		
79-20-9	(freshwater)						
Methyl acetate	aqua (marine		0,012 mg/l				
79-20-9	water)						
Methyl acetate	sewage		600 mg/l				
79-20-9	treatment plant (STP)						
Methyl acetate	sediment				0,128		
79-20-9	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
Methyl acetate	sediment				0,0128		
79-20-9	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	Air						no hazard identified
Methyl acetate	Soil				0,042		
79-20-9					mg/kg		
Methyl acetate	oral				20,4 mg/kg		
79-20-9							
Ethanol	aqua		0,96 mg/l				
64-17-5	(freshwater)		_				
Ethanol	aqua (marine		0,79 mg/l				
64-17-5	water)		_				
Ethanol	aqua		2,75 mg/l				
64-17-5	(intermittent						
	releases)						
Ethanol	sewage		580 mg/l				
64-17-5	treatment plant (STP)						
Ethanol 64-17-5	sediment (freshwater)				3,6 mg/kg		
Ethanol	sediment				2,9 mg/kg		
64-17-5	(marine water)				, , , ,		
Ethanol 64-17-5	Soil				0,63 mg/kg		
Ethanol	oral				380 mg/kg		
64-17-5					00		
acetone	aqua		21 mg/l				
67-64-1	(intermittent		-				
	releases)						
acetone	sewage		100 mg/l				
67-64-1	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
acetone	sediment				30,4 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
acetone	sediment				3,04 mg/kg		
67-64-1	(marine water)						
acetone 67-64-1	Soil				29,5 mg/kg		
acetone	aqua		10,6 mg/l				
67-64-1	(freshwater)						
acetone	aqua (marine		1,06 mg/l				
67-64-1	water)						

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		610 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		305 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		88 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		131 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		152 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		44 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		44 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethanol 64-17-5	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		343 mg/kg	
Ethanol 64-17-5	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		950 mg/m3	
Ethanol 64-17-5	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		206 mg/kg	
Ethanol 64-17-5	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		114 mg/m3	
Ethanol 64-17-5	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		87 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		2420 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		186 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	Workers	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1210 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	Inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		200 mg/m3	
acetone 67-64-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		62 mg/kg	

Biological Exposure Indices:

None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Respiratory protection: The product should only be used at workplaces with intensive ventilation/extraction. If intensive ventilation/extraction is not possible then self-contained independent respiratory protection should be worn.

Hand protection:

Recommended are gloves made from Nitril rubber (Material thickness >0,1 mm, Perforation time < 30s). Gloves should be replaced after each short time contact or contamination. Available at laboratory specialized trade or at pharmacies / chemist's shops.

In the case of longer contact protective gloves made from chloroprene rubber are recommended according to EN 374. material thickness > 0.6 mm

Perforation time > 10 minutes

In the case of longer and repeated contact please note that in practice the penetration times may be considerably shorter than those determined according to EN 374. The protective gloves must always be checked for their suitability for use at the specific workplace (e.g. mechanical and thermal stress, product compatibility, antistatic effects, etc.). The gloves must be replaced immediately at the first signs of wear and tear. The information provided by the manufacturers and given in the relevant trade association regulations for industrial safety must always be observed. We recommend that a hand care plan is drawn up in cooperation with a glove manufacturer and the trade association in accordance with the local operating conditions.

Eye protection:

Goggles which can be tightly sealed. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection: Suitable protective clothing Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Delivery form	liquid
Colour	Colorless
Odor	aromatic
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point	> 50 °C (> 122 °F)Supplier method
Flammability	Currently under determination
Explosive limits	Currently under determination
Flash point	< 23 °C (< 73.4 °F); Supplier method
Auto-ignition temperature	Currently under determination
Decomposition temperature	Currently under determination
pH	Not applicable, Product is non-soluble (in water).
Viscosity (kinematic)	Currently under determination
Viscosity, dynamic	> 2.500 mPa.s Supplier method
(Brookfield; 23 °C (73.4 °F); speed of	
rotation: 30 min-1; Spindle No: D)	
Solubility (qualitative)	Insoluble
(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
	Mixture
Vapour pressure	Currently under determination
Density	0,92 - 0,94 g/cm3 Supplier method
(25 °C (77 °F))	
Relative vapour density:	Currently under determination
Particle characteristics	Not applicable
	Product is a liquid

9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reaction with oxidants.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None if used for intended purpose.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Methyl acetate	LD50	6.482 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
79-20-9				Toxicity)
Ethanol	LD50	10.470 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
64-17-5				
acetone	LD50	5.800 mg/kg	rat	not specified
67-64-1		0.0		

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Methyl acetate	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
79-20-9				
Ethanol	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
64-17-5				
acetone	LD50	> 15.688 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
67-64-1				

Acute inhalative toxicity:

The toxicity of the product is due to its narcotic effect after inhalation. In the event of protracted or repeated exposure, damage to health cannot be excluded.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Test atmosphere		Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			time		
Methyl acetate	LC50	> 49,2 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rabbit	not specified
79-20-9						
Ethanol	LC50	124,7 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	OECD Guideline 403 (Acute
64-17-5		-	-			Inhalation Toxicity)
acetone	LC50	76 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
67-64-1		-	*			-

Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Ethanol 64-17-5	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
acetone 67-64-1	not irritating		guinea pig	not specified

Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Ethanol 64-17-5	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
acetone 67-64-1	irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	not sensitising	Skin sensitisation	human	Weight of evidence
Ethanol 64-17-5	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Ethanol 64-17-5	not sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA)	mouse	OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)
acetone 67-64-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	not specified

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Ethanol 64-17-5	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)			OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Ethanol 64-17-5	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Ethanol 64-17-5	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	negative	inhalation		rat	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Ethanol 64-17-5	negative				OECD Guideline 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)
acetone 67-64-1	negative	oral: drinking water		mouse	not specified

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Ethanol 64-17-5	not carcinogenic					Expert judgement
acetone 67-64-1	not carcinogenic	dermal	424 d 3 times per week	mouse	female	not specified

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	NOAEL P 1,3 mg/l NOAEL F1 0,13 mg/l NOAEL F2 0,13 mg/l	Two generation study	inhalation	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416 (Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Ethanol 64-17-5	NOAEL P 13.800 mg/kg	Two generation study	oral: unspecified	mouse	OECD Guideline 416 (Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

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STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of	Species	Method
			treatment		
Methyl acetate	NOAEL 350 ppm	inhalation:	28 d	rat	OECD Guideline 412
79-20-9		aerosol	6 h/d, 5 d/w		(Repeated Dose
					Inhalation Toxicity:
					28/14-Day)
acetone	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral:	13 w	rat	OECD Guideline 408
67-64-1		drinking	daily		(Repeated Dose 90-Day
		water	-		Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains, soil or bodies of water.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Methyl acetate	LC50	250 - 350 mg/l	96 h	Brachydanio rerio (new name:	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
79-20-9				Danio rerio)	Acute Toxicity Test)
Ethanol	LC50	14.200 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	EPA-660 (Methods for
64-17-5					Acute Toxicity Tests with
					Fish, Macroinvertebrates
					and Amphibians)
Ethanol	NOEC	250 mg/l	120 h	Danio rerio	OECD Guideline 212 (Fish,
64-17-5					Short-term Toxicity Test on
					Embryo and Sac-Fry
					Stages)
acetone	LC50	8.120 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
67-64-1					Acute Toxicity Test)

Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	EC50	1.026,7 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Ethanol 64-17-5	EC50	5.012 mg/l	48 h	Ceriodaphnia dubia	other guideline:
acetone 67-64-1	EC50	8.800 mg/l	48 h		OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethanol 64-17-5	NOEC	9,6 mg/l	9 d	Daphnia magna	not specified
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	2.212 mg/l	28 d	1 0	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	EC50	> 120 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	NOEC	120 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Ethanol 64-17-5	EC50	275 mg/l	72 h	Chlorella vulgaris	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Ethanol 64-17-5	EC10	11,5 mg/l	72 h	Chlorella vulgaris	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
acetone 67-64-1	NOEC	530 mg/l	8 d	Microcystis aeruginosa	DIN 38412-09

Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Methyl acetate	EC10	1.830 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8
79-20-9					(Pseudomonas
					Zellvermehrungshemm-
					Test)
Ethanol	IC50	> 1.000 mg/l	3 h	activated sludge	OECD Guideline 209
64-17-5					(Activated Sludge,
					Respiration Inhibition Test)
acetone	EC10	1.000 mg/l	30 min	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 27
67-64-1		_		_	(Bacterial oxygen
					consumption test)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	70 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	> 95 %	6 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
Ethanol 64-17-5	readily biodegradable	aerobic	80 - 85 %	30 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
acetone 67-64-1	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 - 92 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" BiodegradabilityClosed Bottle Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Methyl acetate 79-20-9	0,18		other guideline:
Ethanol 64-17-5	-0,35	24 °C	not specified
acetone 67-64-1	-0,24		OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
Methyl acetate	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
79-20-9	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Ethanol	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
64-17-5	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
acetone	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
67-64-1	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal: Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

Use packages for recycling only when totally empty.

Waste code 080409

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number ADR 1133 RID 1133 ADN 1133 IMDG 1133 IATA 1133 14.2. UN proper shipping name ADR ADHESIVES RID ADHESIVES ADN ADHESIVES IMDG ADHESIVES IATA Adhesives 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 ADR RID 3 3 ADN IMDG 3 IATA 3 14.4. **Packing group** II ADR RID Π ADN Π IMDG Π IATA Π 14.5. **Environmental hazards** ADR not applicable RID not applicable ADN not applicable IMDG not applicable IATA not applicable 14.6. Special precautions for user ADR Special provision 640D Tunnelcode: (D/E) RID Special provision 640D Special provision 640D ADN IMDG not applicable not applicable IATA 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

 Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009):
 Not applicable

 Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012):
 Not applicable

 Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):
 Not applicable

 VOC content
 98 %

 (VOCV 814.018 VOC regulation
 CH)

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation_en.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

ED:	Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties
EU OEL:	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit
EU EXPLD 1:	Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD 2	Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
SVHC:	Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
PBT:	Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria
PBT/vPvB:	Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very
	bioaccumulative criteria
vPvB:	Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

Further information:

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This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

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